addition to that a number of private sector companies are getting equity shares from abroad.

SHRI N.E. BALARAM: So all this is funded by foreign countries. The answer given by the Minister could be the estimated figure of the Planning Commission. Is it the real figure? Are you thinking that during the 8th Plan period the amount that you have mentioned, Rs. 49,000 crores, alone will be the foreign funding? What is your mind on it?

MR. CHAIRMAN: Are you referring to borrowings or their investments also? That is his question.

SHRI N.E. BALARAM: The total funding, that is what I am asking.

SHRI H. R. BHARDWAJ: Rs. 49,000 crores. I have already answerd that.

MR. CHAIRMAN: So, it includes both.

SHRI N. E. BALARAM: That means, sir you do not expect more investment on the basis of the structural changes in your policy.

MR. CHAIRMAN: If more money comes he will welcome it.

SHRI H. R. BHARDWAJ: Out of Rs. 7,92,000 crores of investment, this will be Rs. 49,000 crores. If you want the break-up, then we have the commercial borrowing, direct investment and others.

Indian Nationals Settled Abroad

425. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI*:
MAULANA OBAIDULLAH KHAN AZMI:

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) what is the estimated number of Indian nationals settled in each country abroad; and

(b) the average amount per month remitted by those people during the year 1992?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO): (a) The estimated number of Indian nationals settled abroad in each country is given in the attached statement. *(see below)*

*The question was actually asked on the floor of the House by Dr. Yelamanchili Sivaji.

(b) Information is not available.

Statement

Estimated figures of Indian Nationals World Wide as on 1st October, 1989

S.No.	Name of the country	Indian Citizens
1.	Afghanistan	80
2.	Algeria	300
3.	Angola	1
4.	Anguilla	N.A.
5.	Antigua and Berbuda	24
6.	Argentina	130
7.	Australia	26,060
8.	Austria	2,858
9.	Bahamas	685
10.	Bahrain	87,079
11.	Bangladesh	185
12.	Bardados	45
13.	Belgium	2,714
14.	Belize	50
15.	Benin	250
16.	Bhutan	70,000
17.	Bolivia	200
18.	Botswana	1,600
19.	Brazil	N.A.
20.	Brunei	1,500
21.	Bulgaria	127
22.	Burkina Faso	5
23.	Burma	7,945
24.	Burundi	75
25.	Cameroun	250
26.	Canada	1,34,310
27.	Cayman Island	17
28.	Central African Republic	8
29.	Chad	Nil
30.	Chile	180
31.	China	42
32.	Columbia	53
33.	Camores	180
34.	Congo	15
35.	Costa Rica	9
36.	Cuba	2
37.	Cyprus	206
38.	Czechoslovakia	94
39.	Denmark	700
40.	Dominica	12
41.	Djibouti	290
42.	Ecuador	7
43.	Egypt	600
44.	El Selvador	5
45.	Equatorial Guinea	10
46.	Ethiopia	2450

S.No.	Name of the country	Indian Citizens
47.	Fiji	480
48.	Finland	144
49.	France	4,500
50.	Gabon	10
51.	Gambia	54
52.	Guatemala	8
53.	Germany (FRG)	34,800
54.	Germany (GDR)	120
55.	Ghana	1171
56.	Greece	2500
57.	Grenada	21
58.	Guinea	8
59	Guyana	146
60.	Hongkong	16,659
61.	Hungary	43
62.	Iceland	6
63.	Indonesia	10,000
64.	Iran	3,700
65.	Iraq	10,000
66.	Ireland	350
67.	Italy	3500
68.	Ivory Coast	144
69.	Jamaica	1000
70.	Japan	2,600
71.	Jordan	3,500
72.	Kampuchea	25
73.	Kenya	7,500
74.	Korea (Republic of)	363
75.	Kuwait	161595
76.	Loas PDR	66
77.	Lebanan	12,000
78.	Lesotho	200
79.	Liberia	5,380
80.	Libya	20000
81.	Lixembourg	70
82.	Malagasy Republic	7500
83.	Malawi	300
84.	Malaysia	175000
85.	Maldives	N.A.
86.	Malta	40
87.	Mali	10
88.	Mauritius	229
89.	Mexico	97
90.	Mangolia	1
91.	Montserrat	14
92.	Morocco	400
93.	Mozambique	1000
94.	Nauru	136
95.	Nepal	150000
96.	Netherlands	4000
97.	Netherlands Antilles	356
98.	New Zealand	664
99.	Nicaragua	5
100.	Niger	80
101.	Nigeria	23,000
102.	Norway	3118
103.	Oman	179960
104.	Pakistan	622
105.	Panama	1660
106.	Paraguay	16
107.	Papua New Guinea	276
108.	Peru	120
109.	Philippines	7500
110.	Poland	113
111.	Portugal	800
112.	Qatar	45000
113.	Reunion Island	153
114.	Rumania	8
115.	Rwanda	100
116.	Saudi Arabia	400000
117.	Senegal	52
118.	Seychelles	120
119.	Sierra Leone	600
120.	Singapore	2600
121.	Somalia	55
122.	South Africa	6000
123.	Spain	6800
124.	Sri Lanka	131482
125.	St. Kitts Nevis	7
126.	St. Vincent & The Grenadines	36
127.	St. Lucia	63
128.	Sudan	1780
129.	Suriname	70
130.	Swaziland	80
131.	Sweeden	1540
132.	Switzerland	2515
133.	Syrian Arab Republic	60
134.	Tanzania	5000
135.	Thailand	10,000

S.No.	Name of the country	Indian Citizens
136.	Togo	82
137.	Tonga	20
138.	Trinidad & Tobago	280
139.	Tunisia	40
140.	Turkey	11
141.	Turka and Caicos Island	5
142.	Uganda	500
143.	UAE	200000
144.	U.K.	3,80,000
145.	U.S.A.	7,50,000
146.	U.S.S.R.	3,695
147.	Uruguay	6
148.	Vanuatu	2
149.	Venezuela	116
150.	Vietnam	20
151.	Western Samoa	Nil
152.	Y.A.R.	6000
153.	Yemen (PDR)	750
154.	Yugoslavia	27
155.	Zaire	1037
156.	Zambia	6580
157.	Zimbabwe	1500

DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI: Sir, I am glad that there are a large number of Indians living in other countries. But, I would like to know if the list of Indian nationals living abroad includes people of Indian origin. Secondly, there are also widespread complaints from the Indians abroad that our missions are closed to the grievances of Indians residing abroad. What are their specific complaints and what steps have been taken by the Government to redress the grievances of the Indians residing abroad and is there any proposal under consideration of the Government to consider and introduce dual citizenship for Indian nationals residing abroad?

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO: Sir, we are doing whatever can be done and are rather doing well keeping in view the strength and resources available with our missions to help and assist Indian nationals abroad. However, Sir, we shall further improve the system. I had in my earlier answer already replied on how we intend doing it. But I would like to say something more in this regard as to what we are going to do. We intend to ask our Indian missions and it will also include Consulates-General, to send quarterly reports on such matters. We will also ask them about the problems faced by Indian citizens settled there. We are going to ask all the heads of missions as well as heads of posts to visit at least once a year foreign jails in which Indian detainees are kept...

MR. CHAIRMAN: He is not asking about those who are in jails. .

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO: I am talking about it generally. We are also asking the heads of missions and heads of post to take up with the respective Governments the problems of Indians promptly.

DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI: I asked specifically about dual citizenship and whether the list also contains people of Indian origin.

MR. CHAIRMAN: He is asking whether you are thinking of granting dual citizenship.

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO: Dual citizenship, it had been considered earlier and it was rejected. However, it is again being re-examined by the Home Ministry.

DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI: My second supplementary is about the problems being faced by Indians like illegitimate entry etc. . .

MR. CHAIRMAN: Put your question.

DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI: Under these circumstances, what is the mission doing to overcome the difficulty? Is there any proposal with the Government to augment the overseas broadcasting system of AIR?

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO: About overseas broadcasting, I do not have any information at the moment. Basically it is the other Ministry that is dealing with it.

मौलाना ओबैदुल्ला खान आज़मी: जनाब, मैं सरकार से यह जानना चाहता हूं कि हिन्दुस्तान के लोग किस मुल्क से सबसे ज्यादा पैसा हर माह हिन्दुस्तान को भेज रहे हैं और क्या सरकार बाहर जाने वालों के तरीकेकार को और ज्यादा आसान करेगी जिससे ज्यादा से ज्यादा फारेन एक्सचेंज हिन्दुस्तान में लाया जा सके?

مولانا عبیداللہ خان اعظمی - جناب میں سرکار سے یہ جاننا چاہتا ہوں کہ ہندوستان کے لوگ کس ملک سے سب سے زیادہ پیسہ ہر سال ہندوستان کو بھیجتے ہیں اور کیا سرکار باہر جانے والوں کے طریقۂ کار کو اور زیادہ آسان کرنے جس سے زیادہ سے زیادہ فارن ایکسچینج ہندوستان میں لایا جا سکے۔

SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO: It concerns the Ministry of Finance. All the questions regarding foreign exchange and the remittances of foreign exchange concern the Minsitry of Finance and are monitored by the Reserve Bank of India.

MR. CHAIRMAN: Question Hour is over.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTION

आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना के दौरान बिहार में नई रेलवे लाइनों और पन-विद्युत परियोजनाओं का प्रावधान किया जाना

*426. **श्री राम अवधेश सिंह:** क्या **योजना और कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वयन** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना अवधि के दौरान बिहार में नई रेल लाइनें बिछाने की कोई योजना सरकार के विचाराधीन है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो इस संबंध में ब्यौरा क्या है; और

(ग) क्या सरकार यह सुनिश्चित करने का विचार रखती है कि आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना अवधि के दौरान छोटा नागपुर के विकास के लिए कम से कम 10,000 मेगावाट ताप विद्युत और 1,000 मेगावाट पन बिजली का उत्पादन किया जाये ताकि शेष बिहार और देश के विकास के लिए मार्ग प्रशस्त हो सके?

योजना और कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वयन मंत्रालय के राज्यमंत्री (श्री हंसराज भारद्वाज): (क) से (ग) आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना को अभी तक अंतिम रूप नहीं दिया गया है। बिहार में कोडरमा से मानिकपुर तक एक नई लाइन जिसका विस्तार जदुनाथपुर तक किया जाएगा, विचाराधीन परियोजनाओं में से एक है।

विद्युत क्षेत्र के लिए योजना कार्यक्रम प्रत्येक क्षेत्र में उपलब्ध वास्तविक संसाधनों तथा उस क्षेत्र में प्रत्याशित ऊर्जा और विद्युत शक्ति की मांग को ध्यान में रख कर बनाया जाता है।

मध्य प्रदेश में जल-विद्युत परियोजनाओं के कार्यान्वयन हेतु उपलब्ध कराई गई धनराशि

*427. **श्री कैलाश नारायण सारंग:** क्या **योजना और कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वयन** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) 1991-92 के वर्ष के दौरान योजना आयोग ने मध्य प्रदेश राज्य बिजली बोर्ड को इसकी विभिन्न प्रस्तावित और निर्माणाधीन लघु/सूक्ष्म जल-विद्युत परियोजनाओं के समयबद्ध कार्यान्वयन हेतु कितनी धनराशि उपलब्ध करायी गई थी;

(ख) क्या उपलब्ध करायी गई धनराशि पर्याप्त थी; और

(ग) यदि नहीं, तो पर्याप्त धनराशि उपलब्ध न कराये जाने के क्या कारण थे?

योजना और कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वयन मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री हंसराज भारद्वाज): (क) योजना आयोग ने मध्य प्रदेश राज्य विद्युत बोर्ड को 1991-92 वर्ष के दौरान विभिन्न प्रस्तावित और चालू लघु/सूक्ष्म जल परियोजनाओं के समयबद्ध कार्यान्वयन के लिए 982 लाख रुपए का परिव्यय प्रदान किया गया था। इस के ब्यौरे निम्नलिखित हैं:—

क्र०सं०	परियोजना का नाम	अनुमोदित परिव्यय (लाख रुपयों में)
	लघु जल परियोजना	
	तवा एल०बी०सी० एचईपी (2×6 मेगावाट)	300
	छोटी/सूक्ष्म जल परियोजनाएं	
1.	रूद्री कनाल मिनी हाइडल (2 × 100 किलोवाट)	
2.	बरना मिनी हाइडल (2×750 किलोवाट)	
3.	चम्बल आरबीसी मिनी हाइडल (3×600 किलोवाट)	682
4.	मोरण्ड मिनी एच०एस० (3×335 किलोवाट)	(कुल राशि प्रावधान)
5.	कोरबा पश्चिम किनारा मिनी (1×800 किलोवाट)	
6.	भीमगढ़ एच०एस० (2×1200 किलोवाट)	
7.	सतपुरा रिटर्न कैनाल (2×500 किलोवाट)	

*[Transliteraion in Arabic Script].